**24:05:24.01:29.  Traumatic brain injury defined.** A traumatic brain injury is an acquired injury to the brain caused by an external physical force, resulting in a total or partial functional disability or psychosocial impairment, or both, that adversely affects a student's educational performance. The term applies to open or closed head injuries resulting in impairments in one or more areas, such as cognition; language; memory; attention; reasoning; abstract thinking; judgment; problem solving; sensory, perceptual, and motor abilities; psychosocial behavior; physical functions; information processing; and speech. The term does not apply to brain injuries that are congenital or degenerative, or brain injuries induced by birth trauma.

 Adverse effects in educational performance must be verified through the full and individual evaluation procedures as provided in § 24:05:25:04.

 **Source:** 23 SDR 31, effective September 8, 1996; 36 SDR 96, effective December 8, 2009.

 **General Authority:** SDCL 13-37-1.1.

 **Law Implemented:** SDCL 13-37-1.1.