

Coronavirus Pandemic Allocations – Explanation of Funding Programs



Contents

Treasury	4
Coronavirus Relief Fund	4
Department of Education	4
Governor's Fund (Governor's Education Emergency Relief Fund or GEER).....	4
K-12 Fund (Elementary and Secondary School Education Relief Fund).....	5
Higher Education Fund – General	6
Higher Education Fund – HBCUs/TCUUs/MSIs/SIP	6
Higher Education Fund – FIPSE	7
Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families.....	7
Child Care and Development Block Grant	7
Community Services Block Grant.....	8
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program.....	9
Family Violence Prevention	9
Child Welfare Services	9
Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY): Basic Centers	10
Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY): Transitional Living for Homeless Youth.....	10
Head Start	11
Health and Human Services Administration for Community Living.....	11
Supportive Services.....	11
Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals.....	12
Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals.....	12
Family Caregivers	13
Protection of Vulnerable Older Americans.....	14
Aging and Disability Resource Centers	14
Centers for Independent Living	15
Health and Human Services Center for Disease Control (CDC)	16
CDC Grants (awards to date)	16

Minimum CDC Grants	17
CDC Testing Funds.....	17
Health and Human Services Health Resources and Services Agency (HRSA)	18
Poison Control Centers	18
Ryan White HIV/AIDS - Part A.....	18
Ryan White HIV/AIDS - Part B	18
Ryan White HIV/AIDS - Parts C, D, F.....	19
Community Health Centers.....	20
Community Health Centers.....	20
Community Health Centers – Expanding Capacity for Coronavirus Testing.....	21
Rural Health Clinics – COVID-19 Testing	22
Telehealth Resource Centers	22
Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program	22
Area Health Education Centers Program	23
Registered Nurses in Primary Care Training Program	23
Health and Human Services SAMHSA	23
Emergency Grants to Address Mental and Substance Use Disorder.....	23
Health and Human Services Office of the Secretary.....	24
Provider Relief Funds (awards to date)	24
Provider Relief Funds – High Impact (awards to date)	24
Provider Relief Funds – Rural (awards to date)	25
Hospital Preparedness (awards to date).....	25
Labor	26
Unemployment Insurance (Base)	26
Unemployment Insurance (Supplemental).....	26
Short-Time Compensation	27
Dislocated Worker Grants (awards to date)	27
Justice.....	28
Justice Assistance Grants – State.....	28
Justice Assistance Grants – Local.....	28
USDA	29
Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) Commodities	29
TEFAP Administration	30

Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	30
Commerce.....	30
Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP)	30
Homeland Security.....	31
Emergency Performance Management Grant.....	31
Emergency Food and Shelter Program	31
Housing and Urban Development.....	32
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) – Local	32
CDBG – State	32
Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) – Local	32
Public Housing Operating Fund.....	33
Tenant-Based Rental Assistance	33
Transportation	34
FTA Urbanized Formula.....	34
FTA Nonurbanized Formula	34
Grants-in-Aid for Airports	34
Independent Agencies	35
Election Security Grants.....	35
Institute of Museum and Library Services	36
National Endowment for the Arts.....	36
National Endowment for the Humanities.....	36
Business Administration	38
Paycheck Protection Program.....	38
Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL).....	38
EIDL Advance.....	39
Federal Reserve.....	39
Municipal Liquidity Facility	39

Treasury

Coronavirus Relief Fund

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States and Local Governments exceeding 500,000
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Governor's Office/BFM/TBD
- **Allocation Method:** Allocations are based on population using the most recent U.S. Census Bureau data. Minimum allocation is \$1.25 Billion. Allocations paid to states will be reduced by the aggregate amount to be disbursed to eligible local governments within the state (population exceeding 500,000; there are none in SD).
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1.25 Billion
- **Uses of Funds:** The CARES Act requires that the payments from the Coronavirus Relief Fund only be used to cover expenses that—
 - are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);
 - were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020 (the date of enactment of the CARES Act) for the State or government; and
 - were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020 and ends on December 30, 2020.
 - Additional information on eligible uses of Fund disbursements by governments will be posted as it becomes available.
 - U.S. Treasury Frequently Asked Questions document can be found at <https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/Coronavirus-Relief-Fund-Frequently-Asked-Questions.pdf>

Department of Education

Governor's Fund (Governor's Education Emergency Relief Fund or GEER)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Governor's Office
- **Allocation Method:** Funds are allocated to each State as follows: (1) 60% on the basis of the State's relative population of individuals aged 5 through 24. (2) 40% on the basis of the State's relative

number of children counted under section 1124(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA).

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$7,944,013
- **Uses of Funds:**
 - The GEER funds are awarded to governors to allocate at their discretion for emergency support grants to LEAs and institutions of higher education (IHEs) that have been most significantly impacted by the coronavirus.
 - ED discourages the use of GEER funds for payments to administrators and executives of SEAs, IHEs, or teachers' unions or associations "without clear evidence providing a reasoned basis for finding such a payment will support the ongoing functionality of LEAs or IHEs or is strictly consistent with the plain statutory context and language" of the CARES Act. States must separately identify and account for any funds so used.
- **South Dakota's plan for this funding:**
 - The state plans to offer \$5.7 million in grants to school district to compliment what they receive through the ESSER funding. Grant applications for these funds will prioritize quality remote learning as school prepare for many possible scenarios this next school year, teacher professional development, and supporting students as they come back from extended school closures.
 - The remaining \$2.2 million will be granted to the Board of Technical Education to support workers who were displaced this spring due to layoff and business closures. These workers will be eligible to apply for scholarships to pursue 16-week certification programs at technical colleges.
- **Documents:** [Certificate of Agreement and Guidance](#)

[K-12 Fund \(Elementary and Secondary School Education Relief Fund\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Dept. of Education
- **Allocation Method:** Funds are allocated to the states in the same proportion as each State received under part A of title I of ESEA.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$41,295,000
- **Uses of Funds:** The K-12 Fund allocates \$13.5 billion for formula grants to states, which then distribute 90% of funds to local educational agencies (LEAs) based on their proportional allocation of ESEA Title I-A funds. Funds can be used for planning and coordinating during the school closures due to the virus.

LEAs can use funds for: (1) any activity authorized by ESEA; (2) coordination with public health departments and other relevant agencies to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus; (3) providing school leaders with resources to address the needs of their individual schools; (4) activities to address unique needs of special population students; (5) developing and implementing procedures and systems to improved preparedness and response efforts of LEAs; (6) training and

professional development for staff on minimizing the spread of infectious disease; (7) purchasing supplies to sanitize and clean facilities; (8) planning for and coordinating long-term closures and how to ensure continuation of services consistent with Federal, State, and local requirements; (9) purchasing additional technology for students served by the LEA; (10) providing mental health services and supports; (11) planning and implementing summer learning activities; and (12) other activities necessary to maintain the operation of and continuity of services in LEAs and continuing to employ existing staff.

State education agencies can reserve up to 10% of funds for emergency needs as determined by the state.

- **South Dakota’s plan for this funding:**
 - DOE's application for the funding includes district's unplanned expenses for cleaning facilities, adapting them to meet health and sanitation recommendations, providing technology and internet connections for remote learning, and providing breakfast and lunches to students during closures.
 - DOE reserves .5% of the total awarded amount for administrative costs, and 9.5% of the total awarded amount for additional grants to school districts that do not receive adequate funding through Title I formula . This funding will set a per-student floor for funding of \$160.
- **Document:** Certification of Agreement and Guidance

Higher Education Fund – General

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** IHEs
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Board of Regents for public universities, Board of Technical Education for Postsecondary Colleges
- **Allocation Method:** The Higher Education Fund allocates \$14.25 billion for emergency relief for Institutions of Higher Education to respond to the coronavirus. 90% of funds via a formula base, 75% on its share of Pell FTE and 25% on non-Pell FTE, excluding students who were exclusively enrolled online prior to coronavirus.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** South Dakota will receive \$27,146,662, which will be given directly to each institution. Institutions have to apply directly to the Federal government for funding.
- **Uses of Funds:** At least 50% of institutional funds must provide emergency financial aid grants to students that can cover eligible expenses under a student’s cost of attendance, such as food, housing, course materials, technology, health care and childcare. Remaining institutional funds may be used to defray expenses for IHEs, such as lost revenue and technology costs associated with a transition to distance education.

Higher Education Fund – HBCUs/TCUUs/MSIs/SIP

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** IHEs

- **If State, state agency(ies):** Board of Regents for public universities, Board of Technical Education for Postsecondary Colleges, and Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities
- **Allocation Method:** Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities (TCCUs) distributed funding to institutions based on the formula described in Section 316 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (HEA). Strengthening Institutions Program (SIP) distributed to an eligible institution in FY 2020 under the titles III and V grant programs under the HEA.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$7,284,011
- **Uses of Funds:** The funds can be used to defray institutional expenses, which may include lost revenue, reimbursement for expenses already incurred, technology costs associated with the transition to distance education, faculty and staff training, and payroll.

Higher Education Fund – FIPSE

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** IHEs
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Board of Regents for public universities, Board of Technical Education for Postsecondary Colleges
- **Allocation Method:** Funds for institutions under Part B of Title VII of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA), through the Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education (FIPSE).
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,959,566
 - **Uses of Funds:** Funds can be used for lost revenue, reimbursement for expenses already incurred, technology costs associated with the transition to distance education, faculty and staff training, and payroll.

*Health and Human Services
Administration for Children and Families*

Child Care and Development Block Grant

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DSS
- **Allocation Method:** Calculate your State's percentage share of total State FY2019 CCDF Discretionary funding from the **State and Territory Allocation** table on the OCC website. Total State FY2019 CCDF Discretionary funding was \$4,840,730,000. Apply this percentage to the CARES Act total amount for States of \$3,376,138,000. This will provide a rough estimate of your CARES Act Discretionary allocation.

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$9,020,707
- **Duration of Funds:** Payments made under this heading in this Act may be obligated in this fiscal year or the succeeding two fiscal years.
- **Uses of Funds:** May be used to provide continued payments and assistance to child care providers in the case of decreased enrollment or closures related to coronavirus, and to assure they are able to remain open or reopen; provide child care assistance to health care sector employees, emergency responders, sanitation workers, and other workers deemed essential during the response to the coronavirus, without regard to the income eligibility requirements; eligible CCDF providers (e.g., meeting health and safety requirements, or eligible relative providers), even if such providers were not receiving CCDF assistance prior to the public health emergency as a result of the coronavirus, for the purposes of cleaning and sanitation, and other activities necessary to maintain or resume the operation of programs; payments be obligated in this fiscal year or the succeeding two fiscal years; funds may be made available to restore amounts, either directly or through reimbursement, for obligations incurred to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, prior to the date of enactment of this Act.
- **Document Links:**
 - [Summary](#)
 - [Frequently Asked Questions](#)
 - [Information Memo](#)
 - [DSS FAQ's](#)

[Community Services Block Grant](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States, local governments
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DSS
- **Allocation Method:** The act directs HUD to allocate the funds in various ways. Of the total, \$2 billion is to supplement the conventional CDBG program. The act directs HUD to allocate \$1 billion of the total appropriation to states and insular areas outside of the standard formula. The remaining \$2 billion is to be distributed to states and units of local government on a rolling basis, at the discretion of the Secretary, with formula factors to be defined by HUD.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,128,440
- **Uses of Funds:** Generally, CDBG program activities fall into six broad categories: planning and administrative activities; public works and public facilities; housing-related activities; public services; economic development; and acquisition, demolition, and disposition of real property. Funding is intended to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus including activities within entitlement and non-entitlement communities, based on public health needs, risk of transmission of coronavirus, number of coronavirus cases compared to the national average, and economic and housing market disruptions.
- **Documents:**
 - [CDBG Fund Memo](#)
 - [CRS Report](#)

[Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient: States**
 - **If State, state agency(ies): DSS**
- **Allocation Method:** Funding to be allocated as follows:
 - 25% according to the “old” formula
 - 75% according to the “new” formula

The law also specifies that the 10% limit on carryover funds does not apply to the supplemental funds.

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$4,668,305
- **Uses of Funds:** LIEAP is a program that provides financial assistance to low income South Dakota households to pay their home heating bills.
- **Documents:**
 - [Initial Guidance](#)

[Family Violence Prevention](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient: States**
 - **If State, state agency(ies): DPS**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$173,025
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds should be used to support the operations and administration of emergency shelter and support services for victims of domestic violence and their children. This can include providing shelter, basic necessities, safety planning, crisis counseling, and legal advocacy.
- **Documents:**
 - [Allowable Uses](#)

[Child Welfare Services](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient: States**
 - **If State, state agency(ies): DSS**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$82,341
- **Uses of Funds:** Title VIII of Division B of the CARES Act appropriates an additional \$45,000,000 for child welfare services under title IV-B, subpart 1. Subpart 1 is a discretionary grant program composed primarily of the Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services (CWS) program. CWS funds can be used for a broad variety of child welfare services including, but not limited to, the prevention

of maltreatment, family preservation, family reunification, services for foster and adopted children, and training for child welfare professionals. A small number of states also continue to use it for foster care. This funding is awarded by formula. In FFY 2014, subpart 1 also included dollars awarded competitively through the Child Welfare Research, Training, and Demonstration Project, and Family Connection Grants. The funding increase does not apply to: Section 426 of the Act, Research, Training or Demonstration Projects, Section 427 of the Act, Family Connection Grants, and Section 429 of the Act, National Random Sample Study of Child Welfare.

[Runaway and Homeless Youth \(RHY\): Basic Centers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Community Based Agencies
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$46,481
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds should be used to support the immediate needs of runaway and homeless youth under the age of 18. This includes emergency shelter, counseling, crisis intervention, aftercare services, and basic necessities such as food, clothing, and medical care. Funds should be used to supplement not supplant existing funds. Funding is available through September 30, 2021.
- **Documents:**
 - [FAQ](#)

[Runaway and Homeless Youth \(RHY\): Transitional Living for Homeless Youth](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Public and private organizations
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$44,579
- **Uses of Funds:** Funding should be used to support long-term residential services for homeless youth between the ages of 16 and 22. This includes extended residential services, service coordination plans, life skills, and counseling. Funds should be used to supplement not supplant existing funds. Funding is available through September 30, 2021.
- **Documents:**
 - [FAQ](#)

Head Start

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$2,359,040
- **Uses of Funds:**
 - **Supplemental Summer Programs:** To establish supplemental summer programs to existing Head Start grantees that can demonstrate the capacity to deliver high-quality summer learning experiences to promote school readiness and successful transitions to kindergarten
 - **One-time activities In Response to COVID-19:** 1) Mental health services, supports, crisis response, and intervention services, 2) Coordination, preparedness, and response efforts with state, local, tribal, and territorial public health departments and other relevant agencies. 3) Provision of meals and snacks not reimbursed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). 4) Training and professional development for staff on infectious disease management. 5) Purchasing necessary supplies and contracted services to sanitize and clean facilities and vehicles. 6) Other actions that are necessary to maintain and resume the operation of programs, such as hiring substitute staff, investing in technology infrastructure, making improvements to air conditioning systems, or other emergency assistance.

*Health and Human Services
Administration for Community Living*

Supportive Services

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Human Services, Division of Long Term Services and Supports
- **Allocation Method:** ACL distributes CARES Act funds to States as required by the population-based formula prescribed in the Older Americans Act. A new grant award number will be issued for the CARES Act supplemental funds. Funds should be accounted for, tracked, and reported separately. Funds were appropriated to remain available until September 30, 2021. A State must submit final financial reports and liquidate funds by December 30, 2021.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,000,000
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds must be expended on allowable Older Americans Act activities as defined by the Older Americans Act and State and local policy. Examples include: transportation, information &

assistance, outreach, case management, homemaker or chore services, legal service, adult day centers.

- **Additional Notes:** A transfer can be made up to 30% within Titles III-B (Supportive Services) and III-C (Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals) of OAA.
- **Documents**
 - [FAQ](#)

[Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Human Services, Division of Long Term Services and Supports
- **Allocation Method:** ACL distributes CARES Act funds to States as required by the population-based formula prescribed in the Older Americans Act.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,200,000
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds must be expended on allowable Older Americans Act activities as defined by the Older Americans Act and State and local policy.
- **Additional Notes:**
 - \$400,000 Part C1, Congregate Meals
 - \$800,000 Part C2, Home Meals
 - State Plan and Area Plan administration expenditures are allowable with Families First Coronavirus Relief Act (FFCRA) and the CARES Act supplemental funding. To determine allowable amounts for State Plan and Area Plan administration, calculate the cumulative total between the regular Title III grants, the FFCRA, and the CARES Act. State plan: 5% or \$750,000. Area Plan Administration: 10%.
 - Service Match (Congregate and Home Delivered Meals) is not required for the FFCRA or CARES Act supplemental grants. However, if taken, State Plan and Area Plan administration match is required at the normal 25% match rate.
 - Transfers up to 100% are authorized within C-1/C-2 for regular OAA, FFCRA, and CARES Act funding. Transfers must occur within the same grant grouping, i.e. FFCRA transfers must occur within the FFCRA grants.
- **Documents**
 - [FAQ](#)

[Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Human Services, Division of Long Term Services and Supports

- **Allocation Method:** ACL distributes CARES Act funds to States as required by the population-based formula prescribed in the Older Americans Act. A new grant award number will be issued for the CARES Act supplemental funds. Funds should be accounted for, tracked, and reported separately. A State must submit final financial reports and liquidate funds by December 30, 2021.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$2,400,000
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds must be expended on allowable Older Americans Act activities as defined by the Older Americans Act and State and local policy.
- **Additional Notes:**
 - State Plan and Area Plan administration expenditures are allowable with Families First Coronavirus Relief Act (FFCRA) and the CARES Act supplemental funding. To determine allowable amounts for State Plan and Area Plan administration, calculate the cumulative total between the regular Title III grants, the FFCRA, and the CARES Act. State plan: 5% or \$750,000. Area Plan Administration: 10%.
 - Service Match (Congregate and Home Delivered Meals) is not required for the FFCRA or CARES Act supplemental grants. However, if taken, State Plan and Area Plan administration match is required at the normal 25% match rate.
 - Transfers up to 100% are authorized within C-1/C-2 for regular OAA, FFCRA, and CARES Act funding. Transfers must occur within the same grant grouping, i.e. FFCRA transfers must occur within the FFCRA grants.
 - A transfer can be made up to 30% within Titles III-B (Supportive Services) and III-C (Congregate and Home-Delivered Meals) of OAA. Transfers must occur within the same grant grouping
- **Documents**
 - [Fiscal FAQ's](#)
 - [FAQ](#)

[Family Caregivers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Human Services, Division of Long Term Services and Supports
- **Allocation Method:** ACL distributes CARES Act funds to States as required by the population-based formula prescribed in the Older Americans Act. A new grant award number will be issued for the CARES Act supplemental funds. Funds should be accounted for, tracked, and reported separately. A State must submit final financial reports and liquidate funds by December 30, 2021.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$500,000
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds must be expended on allowable Older Americans Act activities as defined by the Older Americans Act and State and local policy.
- **Documents:**
 - [FAQ](#)
 - [Additional FAQ](#)

[Protection of Vulnerable Older Americans](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Human Services, Division of Long Term Services and Supports
- **Allocation Method:** ACL distributes CARES Act funds to States as required by the population-based formula prescribed in the Older Americans Act. A new grant award number will be issued for the CARES Act supplemental funds. Funds should be accounted for, tracked, and reported separately. A State must submit final financial reports and liquidate funds by December 30, 2021.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$100,000
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds must be expended on allowable Older Americans Act activities as defined by the Older Americans Act and State and local policy. Examples include:
 - Purchase of equipment and associated technologies that will allow for remote work and enhance Ombudsman presence in facilities while they cannot physically visit during to COVID crisis. This may include reimbursement of expenses related to remote work; such as: purchase of laptops, smart phones, electronic tablets, iPads and similar products including: Software to facilitate video conferencing and virtual meetings; Purchase of hardware and software to develop equipment lending libraries to facilitate resident complaint handling and development of virtual resident and family councils.
 - Costs associated with community outreach including, advertising, postage, printing of brochures and similar educational materials.
 - Paying for staff extended hours, or hiring of additional staff, including associated personnel costs. Note: this funding is time-limited.
 - Training costs related to COVID-19 including additional costs associated with advertising, recruiting, certifying or providing continuing education (both remote and in-person) to current and prospective representatives of the Office.
 - Funds for travel once personal visits to facilities resume.
 - Acquiring personal protection equipment and supplies for program use, as appropriate, once in-person visits resume.
- **Documents**
 - [FAQ](#)

[Aging and Disability Resource Centers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DHS, Long-Term Services and Supports
- **Allocation Method:** Discretionary Grant (CFDA number 93.048) Funding distribution is based on the number of individuals in the state who are age 60 and older (based on 2018 Census data) or who have disabilities (based on 2017 American Community Survey data). Based on these population

estimates, states were sorted into six tiers, each of which will correspond with a different funding level.

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$300,000 (Awards to Date)
- **Uses of Funds:** To support the development and testing of innovative programs, services and systems of support that respond to the needs of the nation's growing elderly population and those individuals in need of long term services and supports (LTSS), to improve knowledge of the problems and needs of the elderly, to help ensure adequately trained personnel in the field of aging, and to demonstrate better ways of improving the quality of life for the elderly, their caregivers and people with disabilities.
- **Documents**
 - [South Dakota ADRC Critical Relief Funds for COVID-19 Pandemic Response](#)
 - [FAQ](#)

[Centers for Independent Living](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Nonprofits
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** ACL applied the same formula that is used to determine annual CIL funding. This formula includes the following factors: (1) Total Population from latest Census; (2) 1992's Distribution; (3) State/Territory minimums; (4) State's (Prior Year's amount + CPI adjustment). CARES Act funds will be appear in PMS with the same grant number as Part C funding, but with "ILC3" at the end. CILs should assure that funds drawn from "ILC3" are tracked separately from normal Part C funding.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$941,295
- **Uses of Funds:** Respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and the surge of needs of individuals with disabilities to access or reconnect with the services and supports they need to remain safely in their communities. Allowable expenses obligated from January 20, 2020 through September 30, 2021 can be paid for with CARES Act funding. CARES Act funding must be obligated by September 30, 2021 and liquidated within 90 days (December 31, 2021).
 - Examples: technology and associated training; COVID-19 related supplies; salaries, wages, and leave (temporary COVID-19 flexibilities granted by OMB in effect until June 17th, guidance available at https://acl.gov/sites/default/files/COVID19/C19FAQ-Grants_2020-03-30.pdf.
 - Allowable activities; Funding should support direct services and activities that help people with disabilities stay connected to or reconnect with the services and supports they need to stay safely in their homes. Appropriate areas of emphasis include:
 - Service coordination during and after the COVID-19 pandemic;
 - Services and activities that assist individuals with disabilities who are at risk of being institutionalized to remain in their communities;
 - Services and activities that assist individuals with disabilities to move from an institutional setting to a home in a community-based setting;
 - Services and activities that address the shortage of accessible housing;

- Partnerships with local agencies that address food insecurity; and
 - Systems advocacy to ensure health equity in medical settings.
- **Additional Notes:**
 - Funds go directly to Centers for Independent Living
 - Western Resources for Independent Living: \$245,831
 - Independent Living Choices: \$695,464
- **Documents**
 - [FAQ](#)
 - [Funding by State and CIL](#)

*Health and Human Services
Center for Disease Control (CDC)*

[CDC Grants \(awards to date\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6074 Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act

Public Law No: 116-123

- **Primary Recipient:** States, select locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies): DOH**
- **Allocation Method:** Each grantee that received a Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) grant for FY2019 shall receive 90% of that amount.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$4,567,500 (to Date as of 6/2/2020)
- **Uses of Funds:** Jurisdictions may use discretion to allocate this funding for their highest priority response needs in the following categories: Incident Management for Early Crisis Response; Jurisdictional Recovery; Information Management; Countermeasures and Mitigation; Surge Management; and Biosurveillance. Required activities include: Implement and scale-up laboratory testing and data collection to enable identification and tracking of COVID-19 cases in the community and are responsible for immediate implementation of real-time reporting to CDC and develop a brief COVID-19 community intervention implementation plan that describes how the state and local jurisdictions will achieve the response's three mitigation goals: 1) Slow transmission of disease, 2) Minimize morbidity and mortality, and 3) Preserve healthcare, workforce, and infrastructure functions and minimize social and economic impacts.
- **Documents:**
 - [Frequently Asked Questions](#)
 - [Webinar](#)

[Minimum CDC Grants](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States, select locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$5,075,000
- **Uses of Funds:** CDC is awarding \$631 million to 64 jurisdictions through the existing Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Prevention and Control of Emerging Infectious Diseases (ELC) cooperative agreement. Funding may be used for a variety of activities including:
 - Establishing or enhancing the ability to aggressively identify cases, conduct contact tracing and follow up, as well as implement appropriate containment measures.
 - Improving morbidity and mortality surveillance.
 - Enhancing testing capacity.
 - Controlling COVID-19 in high-risk settings and protect vulnerable or high-risk populations.
 - Working with healthcare systems to manage and monitor system capacity.

[CDC Testing Funds](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 266 Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act

Public Law No: 116-139

- **Primary Recipient:** States, Select Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$57,932,604
 - **Uses of Funds:** The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will provide \$10.25 billion to states, territories, and local jurisdictions through CDC's existing Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Prevention and Control of Emerging Infectious Diseases (ELC) cooperative agreement. These funds can be used to develop, purchase, administer, process, and analyze COVID-19 tests, conduct surveillance, trace contacts, and related activities. Each Governor or designee of each State, locality, territory, tribe, or tribal organization receiving funds shall submit to HHS its plan for COVID-19 testing, including goals for the remainder of calendar year 2020, to include:
 - Number of tests needed, month-by-month to include diagnostic, serological, and other tests, as appropriate
 - Month-by-month estimates of laboratory and testing capacity, including related to workforce, equipment and supplies, and available tests
 - Description of how the resources will be used for testing, including easing any COVID-19 community mitigation policies
 - Jurisdictions will use the funding they receive to meet the testing goals laid out in their COVID-19 testing plans, including purchasing supplies (such as test kits and other testing supplies, as necessary).

Health and Human Services
Health Resources and Services Agency (HRSA)

[Poison Control Centers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** IHEs
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$0
- **Uses of Funds:** Improve HRSA-funded Poison Control Center’s capacity to respond to increased calls due to the COVID-19 pandemic. May use these resources to increase outreach and education to reduce the risk of COVID-19 related poisonings and to enhance readiness and training to respond to and manage the increased calls related to COVID-19 related poisonings.

[Ryan White HIV/AIDS - Part A](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** For Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) Parts A, B and C, 2018 Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report (RSR) data were used to develop the funding methodology, focusing on the numbers of clients served. For RWHAP Part D, the funding methodology was based on FY 2019 funding amounts.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$0
- **Uses of Funds:** For Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program recipients, the funding is directed to clinics and community based organizations, city/county health departments, state health departments, the AIDS Education and Training Centers, and the AIDS Drug Assistance Program Technical Assistance and Training Program for preventing, preparing for, and responding to COVID-19 for RWHAP clients, including expenses related to extended operating hours, increased staffing hours (overtime), additional equipment, workforce training and capacity development, and services to support social distancing, such as home delivered meals and transportation. All activities and purchases supported with RWHAP COVID-19 awards must be used for services, activities, and supplies needed to prevent or minimize the impact of COVID-19 on RWHAP clients.

[Ryan White HIV/AIDS - Part B](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DOH
- **Allocation Method:** For Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) Parts A, B and C, 2018 Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report (RSR) data were used to develop the funding methodology, focusing on the numbers of clients served. For RWHAP Part D, the funding methodology was based on FY 2019 funding amounts.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$50,000
- **Uses of Funds:** For Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program recipients, the funding is directed to clinics and community based organizations, city/county health departments, state health departments, the AIDS Education and Training Centers, and the AIDS Drug Assistance Program Technical Assistance and Training Program for preventing, preparing for, and responding to COVID-19 for RWHAP clients, including expenses related to extended operating hours, increased staffing hours (overtime), additional equipment, workforce training and capacity development, and services to support social distancing, such as home delivered meals and transportation. All activities and purchases supported with RWHAP COVID-19 awards must be used for services, activities, and supplies needed to prevent or minimize the impact of COVID-19 on RWHAP clients.
- **Documents:**
 - Examples of Allowable Use of Funds

[Ryan White HIV/AIDS - Parts C, D, F](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** City of Sioux Falls
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** For Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) Parts A, B and C, 2018 Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Services Report (RSR) data were used to develop the funding methodology, focusing on the numbers of clients served. For RWHAP Part D, the funding methodology was based on FY 2019 funding amounts.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$64,750
- **Uses of Funds:** For Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program recipients, the funding is directed to clinics and community based organizations, city/county health departments, state health departments, the AIDS Education and Training Centers, and the AIDS Drug Assistance Program Technical Assistance and Training Program for preventing, preparing for, and responding to COVID-19 for RWHAP clients, including expenses related to extended operating hours, increased staffing hours (overtime), additional equipment, workforce training and capacity development, and services to support social distancing, such as home delivered meals and transportation. All activities and purchases supported with RWHAP COVID-19 awards must be used for services, activities, and supplies needed to prevent or minimize the impact of COVID-19 on RWHAP clients.

[Community Health Centers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6074 Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Act, 2020

Public Law No: 116-123

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** HRSA used the following distribution formula:
 - Base value of \$50,464, plus
 - \$0.50 per patient reported in the 2018 Uniform Data System (UDS), plus
 - \$2.50 per uninsured patient reported in the 2018 UDS.

The awards range from approximately \$50,000 to more than \$300,000, with an average of approximately \$70,000 per health center.

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$276,539

HEALTH CENTER GRANTEE	CITY	STATE	FUNDING AMOUNT
COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER OF THE BLACK HILLS, INC.	RAPID CITY	SD	\$67,040
HORIZON HEALTH CARE INC	HOWARD	SD	\$76,082
RURAL HEALTH CARE, INC.	FORT PIERRE	SD	\$62,158
SIOUX FALLS, CITY OF	SIOUX FALLS	SD	\$71,259

Date Last Reviewed: March 2020

- **Uses of Funds:** May be used for current payment and reimbursement of costs incurred since January 20, 2020, related to the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of COVID-19, including maintaining or increasing health center capacity and staffing levels during the COVID-19 public health emergency.
- **Documents:**
 - [Examples of Allowable Use of Funds](#)

[Community Health Centers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** HRSA used the following distribution formula:
 - Base value of \$503,000, plus
 - \$15.00 per patient reported in the 2018 Uniform Data System (UDS), plus
 - \$30.00 per uninsured patient reported in the 2018 UDS.

The average award is approximately \$950,000.

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$3,518,915

\$3,518,915 to support 4 health centers

HEALTH CENTER GRANTEE	CITY	STATE	FUNDING AMOUNT
COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER OF THE BLACK HILLS, INC.	RAPID CITY	SD	\$808,295
HORIZON HEALTH CARE INC	HOWARD	SD	\$1,061,735
RURAL HEALTH CARE, INC.	FORT PIERRE	SD	\$787,430
SIOUX FALLS, CITY OF	SIOUX FALLS	SD	\$861,455

Date Last Reviewed: April 2020

- **Uses of Funds:** May be used for current payment and reimbursement of costs incurred since January 20, 2020, related to the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of COVID-19, including maintaining or increasing health center capacity and staffing levels during the COVID-19 public health emergency.
- Documents:
 - Examples of Allowable Use of Funds

Community Health Centers – Expanding Capacity for Coronavirus Testing

Bill No./Title: HR 266 Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act

Public Law No: 116-139

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** HRSA provided approximately \$583 million to Health Center Program award recipients. Each award was calculated using the following formula:
 - Base value of \$98,329, plus
 - \$15 per patient reported in the 2019 Uniform Data System (UDS).
- **South Dakota Allocation: \$1,585,216** to support 4 health centers

\$1,585,216 to support 4 health centers

HEALTH CENTER GRANTEE	CITY	STATE	FUNDING AMOUNT
COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER OF THE BLACK HILLS, INC.	RAPID CITY	SD	\$259,999
HORIZON HEALTH CARE INC	HOWARD	SD	\$516,064
RURAL HEALTH CARE, INC.	FORT PIERRE	SD	\$543,934
SIOUX FALLS, CITY OF	SIOUX FALLS	SD	\$265,219

Date Last Reviewed: May 2020

- **Uses of Funds:** Expand the range of testing and testing-related activities to best address the needs of their local communities, including the purchase of personal protective equipment; training for staff, outreach, procurement and administration of tests; laboratory services; notifying identified contacts of infected health center patients of their exposure to COVID-19; and the expansion of walk-up or drive-up testing capabilities.

[Rural Health Clinics – COVID-19 Testing](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 266 Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act

Public Law No: 116-139

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** HRSA funded RHC organizations based on the number of certified clinic sites they operate, providing nearly \$50,000 per clinic site. Recipients of the \$225 million Rural Health Clinic (RHC) distribution include each RHC with a unique, active CCN listed in either the CMS Provider of Service file (March 2020) or the CMS Survey & Certification's Quality, Certification and Oversight Reports (QCOR) before May 7, 2020. Each of these RHCs received a flat amount of just under \$50,000.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$2,819,301 for 57 rural health clinics
- **Uses of Funds:** The funding may be used for a wide range COVID-19 testing and related expenses including planning for implementation of a COVID-19 testing program, procuring supplies to provide testing, training providers and staff on COVID-19 testing procedures, and reporting data to HHS on COVID-19 testing activities. Funds may also be used for building or construction of temporary structures, leasing of properties, and retrofitting facilities as necessary to support COVID-19 response.

[Telehealth Resource Centers](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$0
- **Uses of Funds:** Provide additional funding to 14 HRSA-funded Telehealth Resource Centers (TRCs) to provide technical assistance on telehealth to help rural and underserved areas combat COVID-19. TRCs will be able to provide hands-on technical support in areas such as equipment acquisition, payment policy, system design and licensing and credentialing.

[Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DOH
- **Allocation Method:**
- **Duration of Funds:** Project period of April 1, 2020 – September 30, 2021
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$3,456,997

- Each SD Small Rural Hospital Improvement Grant Program (SHIP) eligible hospital will receive \$84,317.
- **Uses of Funds:** Assist hospitals funded through the Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program (SHIP) respond to this public health emergency. Allows hospitals maximum flexibility in how they respond to COVID-19 within their communities, including the provision of testing and laboratory services as well as the purchase of personal protective equipment to minimize COVID-19 exposure.
- **Documents:**
 - Examples of Allowable Use of Funds

[Area Health Education Centers Program](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Health Profession Schools
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** University of South Dakota
- **Allocation Method:** Each grantee received the same amount of funding.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$95,455
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds can be used for training and improving and maintaining healthcare workforce in rural and underserved areas.

[Registered Nurses in Primary Care Training Program](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Health Profession Schools
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** South Dakota State University
- **Allocation Method:** Formula based on Federal FY2020 allocation
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$78,571
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds can be used to train students, physicians, nurses, physician assistants, allied health and other high-demand professionals in telehealth.

Health and Human Services
SAMHSA

[Emergency Grants to Address Mental and Substance Use Disorder](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DSS

- **Allocation Method: Grant – up to \$2 million per state**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$2,000,000
- **Uses of Funds:** The purpose of this program is to provide crisis intervention services, mental and substance use disorder treatment, and other related recovery supports for children and adults impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Documents:
 - [Funding Opportunity Announcement](#)
 - [DSS News Release](#)

*Health and Human Services
Office of the Secretary*

[Provider Relief Funds \(awards to date\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act
Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Health care providers
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** \$50 billion of the Provider Relief Fund is allocated for general distribution to Medicare facilities and providers impacted by COVID-19, based on eligible providers' net patient revenue. Allocated for general distribution to Medicare facilities and providers impacted by COVID-19, based on eligible providers' net patient revenue. \$30 billion was distributed immediately, proportionate to providers' share of Medicare fee-for-service reimbursements in 2019.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$107,650,201 (awards to date as of 4/10/2020)
- **Uses of Funds:** All recipients will be required to submit documents sufficient to ensure that these funds were used for healthcare-related expenses or lost revenue attributable to coronavirus.
- **Documents:**
 - [Frequently Asked Questions](#)

[Provider Relief Funds – High Impact \(awards to date\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act
Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Health care providers
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** HHS is distributing \$12 billion to 395 hospitals who provided inpatient care for 100 or more COVID-19 patients through April 10, 2020, \$2 billion of which will be distributed to these hospitals based on their Medicare and Medicaid disproportionate share and uncompensated care payments.

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$0 (awards to date as of 5/1/2020)
- **Uses of Funds:** Prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, and that the Payment shall reimburse the Recipient only for health care related expenses or lost revenues that are attributable to coronavirus.

[Provider Relief Funds – Rural \(awards to date\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Health care providers
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** HHS is distributing \$10 billion to rural hospitals, including rural acute care general hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs), Rural Health Clinics (RHCs), and Community Health Centers located in rural areas.
 - Hospitals and RHCs will each receive a minimum base payment plus a percent of their annual expenses. This expense-based method accounts for operating cost and lost revenue incurred by rural hospitals for both inpatient and outpatient services. The base payment will account for RHCs with no reported Medicare claims, such as pediatric RHCs, and CHCs lacking expense data, by ensuring that all clinical, non-hospital sites receive a minimum level of support no less than \$100,000, with additional payment based on operating expenses.
 - Rural acute care general hospitals and CAHs will receive a minimum level of support of no less than \$1,000,000, with additional payment based on operating expenses.
 - Eligible providers will receive the funds via direct deposit, based on the physical address of the facilities as reported to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), regardless of their affiliation with organizations based in urban areas.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$167,175,685 (awards to date as of 5/1/2020) for 90 providers
- **Uses of Funds:** Prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, and that the Payment shall reimburse the Recipient only for health care related expenses or lost revenues that are attributable to coronavirus.

[Hospital Preparedness \(awards to date\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States, select locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$3,508,603
- **Uses of Funds:** The CARES Act includes a \$250 million appropriation to the Hospital Preparedness Program (“HPP”), which is designed to prepare the health care system to save lives through the

development of regional health care coalitions (“HCCs”). The ASPR also manages the HPP and distributes HPP funds to 62 specific awardees, which are primarily local and state health departments, which then further distribute funds through the HCCs. There is no application process for hospitals to obtain HPP funds; the awardees have discretion in how to distribute HPP funds.

Labor

Unemployment Insurance (Base)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DLR
- **Allocation Method:** States receive a proportional amount based on the share of federal unemployment insurance taxes paid by its employers. States receive half of their allocation within 60 days if they certify that they meet certain requirements, such as ensuring that workers can apply for benefits online or by phone. States receive funds if their unemployment claims increased by at least 10% over the same quarter in the previous year. They have to waive certain eligibility rules for claimants and charges for employers affected by COVID-19.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,268,254
- **Uses of Funds:** For use with issuing unemployment compensation.

Unemployment Insurance (Supplemental)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DLR
- **Allocation Method:** States receive a proportional amount based on the share of federal unemployment insurance taxes paid by its employers. States receive half of their allocation within 60 days if they certify that they meet certain requirements, such as ensuring that workers can apply for benefits online or by phone.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,268,254
- **Uses of Funds:** Provides immediate funding for staffing, technology, systems, and other administrative costs, so long as they meet basic requirements concerning access to earned benefits.

[Short-Time Compensation](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DLR
- **Allocation Method:** States received an amount based on the following formula: multiplying \$100,000,000 by the same ratio as would apply under subsection (a)(2)(B) of section 903 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.1103), which is the ratio used for extended unemployment compensation.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$253,017
- **Uses of Funds:** DLR does not have a short-time compensation program and will not be eligible for these funds.

The funds awarded must be used for the implementation and administration of short-time compensation programs as well as the promotion and enrollment efforts for the programs. These efforts include the creation or support of rapid response teams to advise employers about alternatives to layoffs, the provision of education or assistance to employers to enable them to assess the feasibility of participating in short-time compensation programs, and the development or enhancement of systems to automate the submission and approval of plans and the filing and approval of new and ongoing short-time compensation claims.

[Dislocated Worker Grants \(awards to date\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DLR
- **Allocation Method:** Application by states, outlying areas and Indian Tribal governments that are defined in the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. 5122(6)).
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$281,968
- **Uses of Funds:** This funding will extend current Dislocated Worker program funding, with additional services available for Disaster Relief Employment. Grant dollars will be used to minimize the impact of the public emergency for temporary and permanent layoffs, as well as long-term unemployed individuals. Specific needs and services include: employment opportunities/work experiences for individuals laid off statewide due to rapidly declining economic conditions, employment recovery services, training services, and supportive services when services cannot be obtained through other programs.

Justice Assistance Grants – State

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Office of the Governor
- **Allocation Method:** Consistent with the CESF Program’s purposes, which involve assistance in responding to the present national emergency in connection with the coronavirus, OJP has determined that eligible states (or State Administering Agencies) or units of local government may draw down funds either in advance or on a reimbursable basis. To draw down in advance, funds must be placed in an interest-bearing account, unless one of the exceptions in 2 C.F.R. § 200.305(b)(8) apply. This interest-bearing account must be dedicated specifically for the CESF Program award, and funds other awards or sources may not be commingled with the funds in the account established for the CESF Program award. It is not necessary that the interest-bearing account be a “trust fund.” For additional information, see 2 C.F.R. § 200.305.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$3,291,196
- **Uses of Funds:** Prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus. Allowable projects and purchases include, but are not limited to, overtime, equipment (including law enforcement and medical personal protective equipment), hiring, supplies (such as gloves, masks, sanitizer), training, travel expenses (particularly related to the distribution of resources to the most impacted areas), and addressing the medical needs of inmates in state, local, and tribal prisons, jails, and detention centers.

Justice Assistance Grants – Local

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,505,618
- **Uses of Funds:** Prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus. Allowable projects and purchases include, but are not limited to, overtime, equipment (including law enforcement and medical personal protective equipment), hiring, supplies (such as gloves, masks, sanitizer), training, travel expenses (particularly related to the distribution of resources to the most impacted areas), and addressing the medical needs of inmates in state, local, and tribal prisons, jails, and detention centers.

- **Additional Notes:**

Bureau of Justice Assistance FY 2020 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding		
Jurisdiction Name	Government Type	Eligible Allocation
Aberdeen City	Municipal	\$51,935
Brown County	County	\$58,008
Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe	Tribal	\$127,693
Codington County	County	\$58,008
Crow Creek Sioux Tribe	Tribal	\$33,669
Davison County	County	\$58,008
Minnehaha County	County	\$58,008
Mitchell City	Municipal	\$40,023
Oglala Sioux Tribe	Tribal	\$70,674
Pennington County	County	\$57,177
Rapid City	Municipal	\$240,613
Rosebud Sioux Tribe	Tribal	\$215,043
Sioux Falls City	Municipal	\$396,259
Watertown City	Municipal	\$40,500
Local Total		\$1,505,618

USDA

[Emergency Food Assistance Program \(TEFAP\) Commodities](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and HR 6201 The Families First Coronavirus Response Act

Public Law No: 116-136 & 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Dept. Of Education
- **Allocation Method:** TEFAP formula which is based on the number of employed persons and the number of people with incomes below the poverty level in the state.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$954,396
- **Uses of Funds:** To provide food to local organizations such as soup kitchens and food pantries that directly serve the public
- **Document:** [Flexibilities](#)

[TEFAP Administration](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and HR 6201 The Families First Coronavirus Response Act

Public Law No: 116-136 & 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Dept. Of Education
- **Allocation Method:** TEFAP formula which is based on the number of employed persons and the number of people with incomes below the poverty level in the state.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,073,696
- **Uses of Funds:** Administration of TEFAP and distribution of food
- **Document:** [Flexibilities](#)

[Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children \(WIC\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** DOH
- **Allocation Method:** Funding will be allocated in accordance with WIC regulatory requirements (see 7 CFR 246.16)
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$1,016,132
- **Uses of Funds:** Cover increases in program participation
- **Documents:**
 - [Question & Answer](#)

Commerce

[Manufacturing Extension Partnership \(MEP\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** South Dakota Manufacturing & Technology Solutions
- **Allocation Method:** Determined by the number of manufacturers in their market. Centers required to complete application process.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$179,500
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds can be used to support new projects, which will not require matching nonfederal funds. Funds may also be used to assess the operating needs of manufacturers, scout for

manufacturers that can produce critically needed medical equipment and supplies, and organize peer-to-peer manufacturing councils.

Homeland Security

Emergency Performance Management Grant

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Public Safety
- **Allocation Method:** All 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico each receive a base amount of 0.75 percent of the total available funding appropriated for this grant. The remaining allocation is based on population-share of the states.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$909,970
- **Uses of Funds:** Funding will support the prevention of, preparation for, and response to the ongoing COVID-19 public health emergency. Through this grant program, FEMA will award funding to support planning and operational readiness for COVID-19; development of tools and strategies for prevention, preparedness, and response; and ongoing communication and coordination among federal, state, local, tribal, and territorial partners throughout the response. [Guidance document](#).

Emergency Food and Shelter Program

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** Any nonprofit, faith-based or local government agency that provides food and shelter services may apply for funds.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$382,532
- **Uses of Funds:** Provides shelter, food, and supportive services through local service organizations. Organizations should apply directly to local boards, which distribute program funds in their jurisdiction.
- **Documents:**
 - [Funding Notice](#)

Housing and Urban Development

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) – Local

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Sioux Falls and Rapid City
- **Allocation Method:** Formula based on Federal FY2020 CDBG allocation.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** Sioux Falls allocation of \$603,206 and Rapid City \$307,390 for a total allocation of \$910,596.
- **Uses of Funds:** Provides that grantees may use CDBG-CV grant funds to cover or reimburse costs to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus incurred by locality, regardless of the date on which such costs were incurred, when those costs comply with CDBG requirements. [Guidance document](#).

CDBG – State

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Governor’s Office of Economic Development
- **Allocation Method:** Formula based on Federal FY2020 CDBG allocation.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** Round 1 - \$3,494,164; Round 2 - \$2,078,303
- **Uses of Funds:** Provides that grantees may use CDBG-CV grant funds to cover or reimburse costs to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus incurred by a State, regardless of the date on which such costs were incurred, when those costs comply with CDBG requirements. [Guidance document](#).

Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) – Local

Bill No./Title: HR 6201 Families First Coronavirus Act

Public Law No: 116-127

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$0
- **Uses of Funds:**

Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) – State

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** SD Housing Development Authority?
- **Allocation Method:** Formula based on Federal FY2020 allocation.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$2,199,893
- **Uses of Funds:** supplemental funding to the FY20 allocation.

Public Housing Operating Fund

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Sioux Falls and Rapid City
- **Allocation Method:** Formula based on Federal FY2020 allocation.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$511,157
- **Uses of Funds:** Used to maintain the operation of public housing properties and support coronavirus-related expenses, including health and safety activities for residents, and education and child care needs of impacted families.

Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Locals
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Sioux Falls and Rapid City
- **Allocation Method:** Funds allocated based on need, as determined by the HUD Secretary.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$698,054
- **Uses of Funds:** increased subsidy costs and other expenses incurred by public housing authorities (PHAs), including activities to support or maintain the health and safety of assisted individuals and families, and costs related to retention and support of participating owners.

Transportation

FTA Urbanized Formula

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Transportation
- **Allocation Method:** These allocations include funding from the State of Good Repair formula, the High Density States formula, and the Growing States formula.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$11,628,327
- **Uses of Funds:** Funding will be available to support capital, operating, and other expenses generally eligible under those programs to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. Operating expenses incurred beginning on January 20, 2020 for all rural and urban recipients are also eligible, including operating expenses to maintain transit services as well as paying for administrative leave for transit personnel due to reduced operations during an emergency.
- **Additional Notes:** Match waived.

FTA Nonurbanized Formula

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Transportation
- **Allocation Method:** These allocations include funding from the Growing States formula.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$22,495,400
- **Uses of Funds:** Funding will be available to support capital, operating, and other expenses generally eligible under those programs to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. Operating expenses incurred beginning on January 20, 2020 for all rural and urban recipients are also eligible, including operating expenses to maintain transit services as well as paying for administrative leave for transit personnel due to reduced operations during an emergency.
- **Additional Notes:** Match waived.

Grants-in-Aid for Airports

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** Airports - Commercial, General Aviation, and
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:**

- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$36,248,983
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds are available to support airport operating expenses. It may be used for any purpose for which airport revenues may lawfully be used. There are additional requirements to be met if the funds will be used to support airport construction.
- **Additional Notes/Documents:**
 - Sioux Falls, Rapid City, Aberdeen, Watertown and Pierre airports are the primary recipients for this funding. 58 airports in South Dakota will receive grant funding. The grant amount for each airport is detailed in this [FAA document](#).
 - Airports must continue to employ, through December 31, 2020, at least 90% of the number of individuals employed (after making adjustments for retirements or voluntary employee separations) as of March 27, 2020.

Independent Agencies

Election Security Grants

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Secretary of State
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$3,000,000
- **Uses of Funds:** In letter dated 4/14/20 to Election Assistance Commission: We will use the funds to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, for the 2020 Federal election cycle. To address the effects of the coronavirus on the election we will be sending absentee ballot requests to all registered voters in South Dakota to encourage our absentee vote-by-mail option. Associated costs with this project will include printing, mailing, and outreach efforts. We will also be securing precinct supply kits to provide cleaning supplies, disinfectants, and protective equipment to each in-person polling location in the state. We also anticipate increased absentee ballot costs due to the potential higher level of absentee voting.
- **Additional Notes:** Match requirement is NOT waived. Match is 20% so \$600,000.
 - EAC does not require states to seek separate funds authority from the state to meet the matching requirement for CARES Act funds authorized under Section 101 of HAVA. A state may require separate authority, but it is not a federal requirement. States can meet the matching requirements with allowable costs within the agency's existing budget authority. There may also be other state funds allocated to the agency related to the emergency that could be used as match. However, matching contributions must be tracked, recorded and verifiable from a grantee's records. For example, if the salaries and benefits of staff working on the grant are being paid out of state funds, the state must be able to document the time spent working on the grant, following guidelines in 2 CFR.430 Compensation-personal services.

- The SOS indicated that they would not be taking this grant due to the match requirement; however, they did request the funds in the event that the matching requirement would be waived or altered. With further legislation possible in Congress, they wanted to make sure they were eligible in case the monies became available. If no money is spent by December 31, 2020, it will be returned to the federal government.

[Institute of Museum and Library Services](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Dept. Of Education (State Library)
- **Allocation Method:** State allocation based on population figured from the Bureau of the Census published on December 2019. Generally, the IMLS federal funds require 34% matching from state general fund, however, for the additional IMLS federal fund from CARES act, no state match is required.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$79,937
- **Uses of Funds:** : States and territories will be able to use the funds to expand digital network access, purchase internet accessible devices, and provide technical support services to citizens to address digital inclusion efforts and related technical support, using the following types of data to prioritize efforts:
 - Poverty/Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP);
 - Unemployment; and
 - Broadband availability.
- **Document:** [State Allocation, IMLS Grant Expanded Flexibilities](#)

[National Endowment for the Arts](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Tourism
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$423,800
- **Uses of Funds:** Assist state's nonprofits or arts and cultural organizations with operations during the COVID-19 crisis. Funds may be used for operational expenses including salary support, fees for artists or contractual obligations, and facility costs.

[National Endowment for the Humanities](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Public Law No: 116-136:

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):** Department of Tourism
- **Allocation Method:**
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$406,800
- **Uses of Funds:** Funds may be used for operational expenses for museums, libraries and archives, historic sites, independent research institutions, professional organizations, colleges and universities, and other cultural organizations across the country to help these entities continue to advance their mission during the COVID-19 crisis.

NON-GRANT FUNDING:

Business Administration

[Paycheck Protection Program](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and HR 266 Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act

Public Law No: 116-136 and 116-139

- **Primary Recipient:** Small Businesses
- **Allocation Method:** Eligible entities affected by COVID-19 apply for loans through any existing SBA 7(a) lender or through any federally insured depository institution, federally insured credit union, and Farm Credit System institution that is participating. Other regulated lenders will be available to make these loans once they are approved and enrolled in the program.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** First Round: \$1,369,616,339 (approvals through 4/20/2020)
Second Round: \$1,641,088 (approvals through 06/02/2020)
- **Uses of Funds:** The loan will be fully forgiven if the funds are used for payroll costs, interest on mortgages, rent, and utilities (due to likely high subscription, at least 75% of the forgiven amount must have been used for payroll). Loan payments will also be deferred for six months. No collateral or personal guarantees are required. Neither the government nor lenders will charge small businesses any fees.

Forgiveness is based on the employer maintaining or quickly rehiring employees and maintaining salary levels. Forgiveness will be reduced if full-time headcount declines, or if salaries and wages decrease. This loan has a maturity of 2 years and an interest rate of 1%.

[Economic Injury Disaster Loans \(EIDL\)](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and HR 266 Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act

Public Law No: 116-136 and 116-139

- **Primary Recipient:** Small Businesses
- **Allocation Method:** Application process based on first-come, first-served
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$138,835,600 (approvals to date as of 06/02/2020)
- **Uses of Funds:** The funds can be used for fixed debts, payroll and related benefits, accounts payable and other expenses that cannot be paid because of the disaster's impact. A small business, small agricultural cooperative, small business engaged in aquaculture, and most private non-profit organization may be eligible for a loan up to \$2 million for economic injury.

[EIDL Advance](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and HR 266 Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act
Public Law No: 116-136 and 116-139

- **Primary Recipient:** Small Businesses
- **Allocation Method:** Application process based on first-come, first-served
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$29,348,000 (approvals to date as of 5/11/2020)
- **Uses of Funds:** The program provides an economic injury disaster loan advance of up to \$10,000. The advance provides economic relief to businesses that are currently experiencing a temporary loss of revenue. The loan advance will not have to be repaid.

Federal Reserve

[Municipal Liquidity Facility](#)

Bill No./Title: HR 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act
Public Law No: 116-136

- **Primary Recipient:** States
 - **If State, state agency(ies):**
- **Allocation Method:** Maximum eligible notes for states are calculated based on the Own Source General and Utility Revenue (OSGUR) for each state. The OSGUR is calculated by adding the State's "General Revenue from Own Sources" (Line 7) and its "Utility Revenue" (Line 43) from the US Census 2017 State & Local Government Finance Historical Datasets and Tables.
- **South Dakota Allocation:** \$547,900,000 (maximum eligible notes)
- **Uses of Funds:** The Federal Reserve established the Municipal Liquidity Facility to help state and local governments better manage cash flow pressures in order to continue to serve households and businesses in their communities. The facility will purchase up to \$500 billion of short term notes directly from U.S. states (including the District of Columbia), U.S. counties with a population of at least 500,000 residents, and U.S. cities with a population of at least 250,000 residents. Eligible state-level issuers may use the proceeds to support additional counties and cities.
Additional Notes: Article XIII, § 2 of the South Dakota Constitution limits state debt at \$100,000 which would be an inconsequential amount for the crisis we are facing.

As far as municipalities are concerned, the counties and cities in South Dakota do not qualify. Counties must have populations of greater than two million and cities must have populations greater than one million. States can request more than the limits prescribed if they are assisting political subdivisions. However, since we are limited by the constitution in our borrowing ability this point is moot.